# Fundecitrus and Citrus Sustainability

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Supported by citrus growers and orange juice companies

Pursuing effective and sustainable solutions to challenges in citrus plant health



#### **Organizational chart**



Executive Board

President

Manager



Research & Development



Technology Transfer



Communication & Education



Crop Forecast Survey



Administration



#### **Working areas**



RESEARCH AND INNOVATION



CROP FORECAST SURVEY



TRAINING OF PROFESSIONALS



**EXTENSION ACTIVITIES** 



#### Main sanitary risks in SP citrus belt



#### **Huanglongbing – HLB/Greening**









Postbloom fruit drop



Citrus black spot



Citrus canker



Citrus leprosis



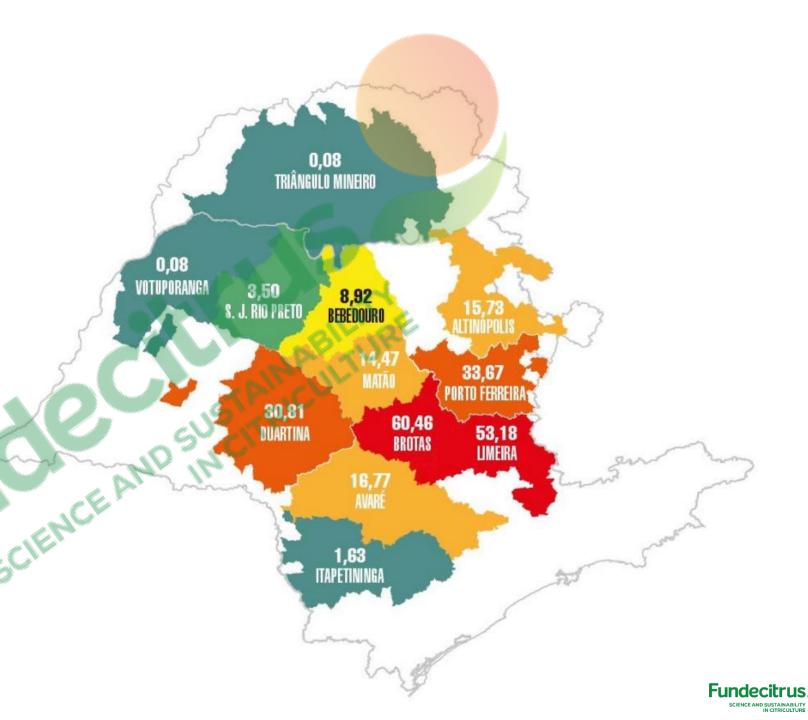
Fruit borer

**Disease survey** 

HLB incidence by regions of SP citrus belt

Survey includes

Citrus canker CVC



#### Research and development













#### Focus on sustainability

#### Applied and basic research

Diagnostic methods

Plant/Pathogen/Vector interaction

Insect bioecology

Epidemiology and damages

Integrated management (biological, cultural, genetic, and chemical control)

Spray technology

Biotechnology



#### Laboratory of research and dignostic

Two main lines of work: services and research

Free diagnostic of HLB and CVC

Since 2004
more than 100,000 HLB tests
performed for citrus growers



#### Laboratory of Biological control

Capacity for rearing 100,000 *Tamarixia radiata* wasps per month





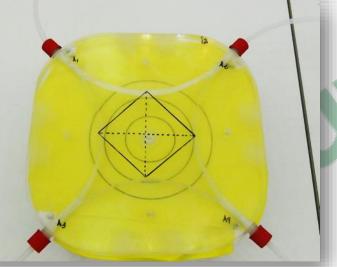
Wasps are released in the citrus belt based on the information from the Psyllid Alert System



## Laboratory of chemical ecology and insect behavior



Studies of compounds used in insect communication (attractant and repellents)



Studies of insect behavior



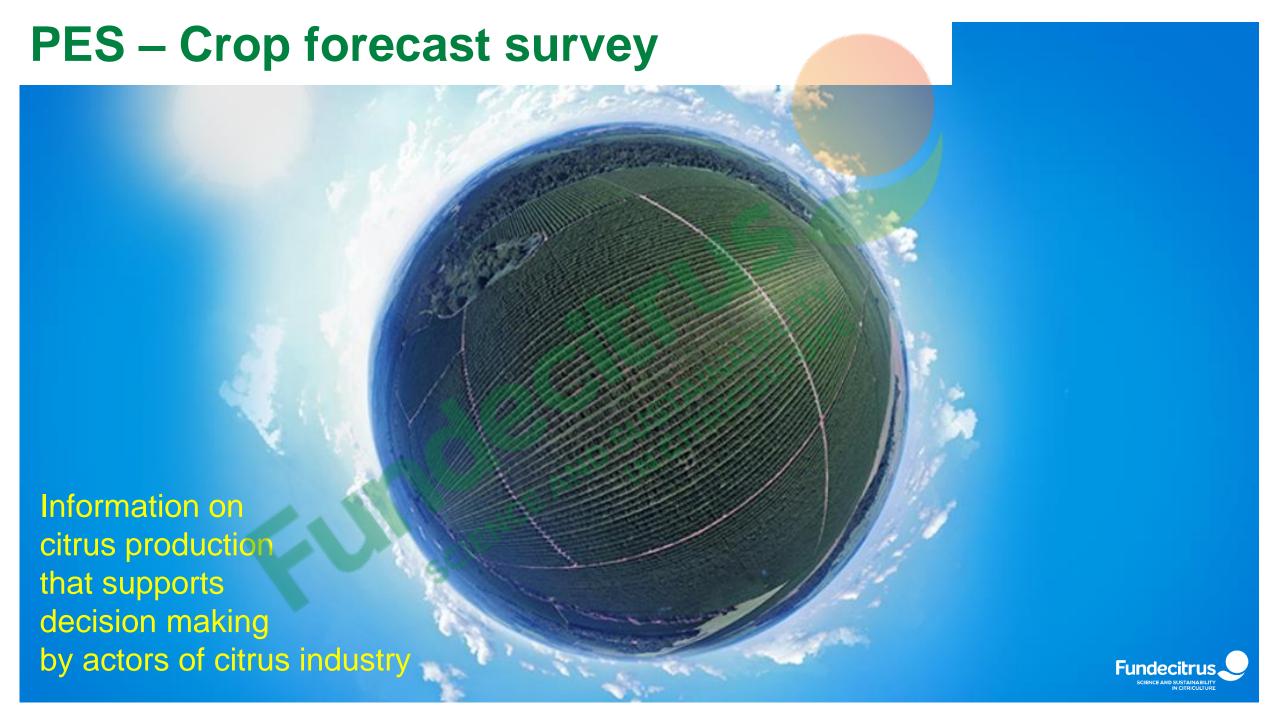
#### **Biotechnology laboratory**



**Development of** resistant or repellent citrus plants







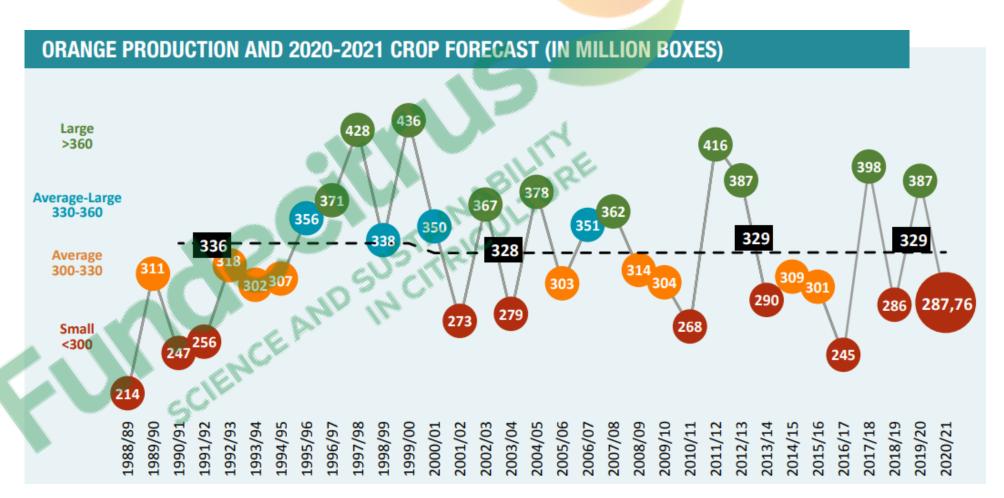
#### PES – Crop forecast survey





#### Orange production and productivity in SP







#### Losses (fruit drop) caused by disease and pest

	<b>2016/17</b> (13.73%)	<b>2017/18</b> (17.31%)	<b>2018/19</b> (16.70%)	<b>2019/20</b> (17.63%)	Losses in millions of boxes (4 seasons)
Fruit borer Fruit fly	2.34%	2.70%	5.70%	4.29%	49.39
HLB/Greening	1.37%	4.06%	2.70%	4.39%	44.24
Black spot	3.75%	2.16%	2.02%	2.12%	31.78
Leprosis	0.25%	0.62%	0.82%	1.30%	10.46
Citrus canker	0.03%	0.31%	0.30%	0.38%	3.64
Natural/others	5.99%	7.45%	5.16%	5.15%	79.05
Production (million boxes)	245.31	398.35	285.98	386.79	

Total
220
millions of boxes



Source: PES/Fundecitrus

#### **MasterCitrus**



#### **Extension activities**

#### **Courses, lectures and trainings**

Inspection and management of pests and diseases

Psyllid identification on yellow sticky traps

Sprayer adjustment and calibration

Sustainable HLB management meetings

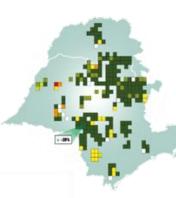
Professionals are in the field to support growers with visits, consulting and training Since 2014, More than 26,000 professionals have been trained







#### Technologies for citrus sustainability in SP



Psyllid alert

2013



**SPIF**Fundecitrus integrated spray system





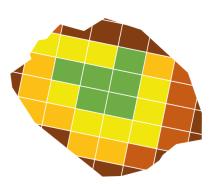
**PFD system**Decision support system for postbloom fruit drop

2016



SICEG
System for external control of HLB

2018



System for Phytosanitary management

2019



#### Communication

Website, Facebook, WhatsApp, Twitter

E-mail and newsletter

"Citricultor" magazine

Technical materials, manuals and books

Scientific articles

Videos

Press office

**Events** 







#### Communication

**Extension activities** 

+

Facebook/WhatsApp/E-mail

are direct channels
to meet the demands/needs
of citrus growers and guide
communication actions





#### Brazil: the largest orange producer in the world

Amazonia **Pantanal** 

37% of global orange production64% of global orange juice production79% of the international trade in orange juice

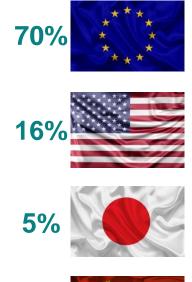
## Orange juice in Brazilian agribusiness

Position in the ranking of agribusiness exports

**70** of Brazil

**30** of SP

#### Export of orange juice







Citrus belt of SP and MG states **70-80%** of Brazilian production **250 - 400** million boxes 630 - 1000 boxes per ha ~ 400,000 ha of orange ~ 10,000 farms ~ **200,000** jobs 3%

89%

8%

Source: PES/Fundecitrus; IBGE

#### The modern SP citriculture

SP citrus belt	1980-1990	2010-2020	
Orange production	8.73 million of tons	15.78 million of tons	+ 80%
Orange area (adult orchards)	635 thousand hectares	376 thousand hectares	- 41%
Planting density	322 trees per hectare	643 trees per hectare	
Yield	13.75 tons per hectare	42.64 tons per hectare	+ 210%



#### Competitive and Sustainable Citriculture



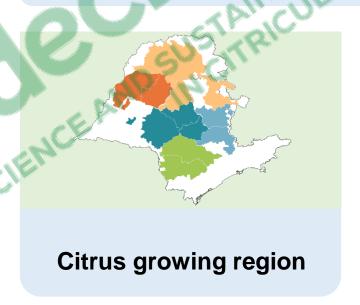
**Protected nurseries** 



Planting density, rootstock and orange variety



**Nutrition and irrigation** 





Pest and disease management



## **Sustainability Committee**



#### **ProteCitrus**

Produtos para Proteção da Citricultura

Products for citrus protection

Voluntary citrus protection program
Analyses of pesticide trends and regulations in international markets
Website: fundecitrus.com.br/protecitrus

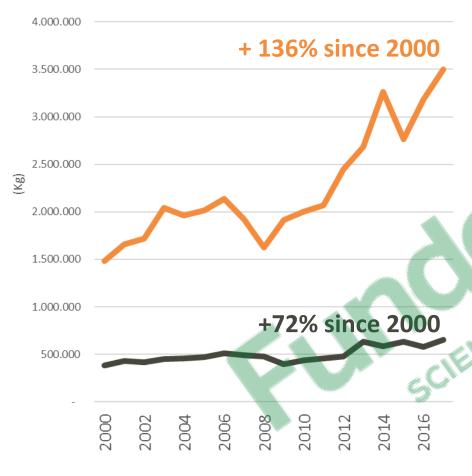
## São Paulo Citrus Belt

Citrus

459.058 hectares **Native forest** 

181.750 hectares

#### Honey production in SP



SP citrus belt

Municipalities outside the SP citrus belt



#### Citrus sustainability in SP



Biological control



Alternative control



Pheromone and insect repellence



Integrated disease management



**ProteCitrus** 

Spray technology



Extension activities
Cooperation partnerships



Coexistence Citriculture and apiculture



Worker safety and proper use of PPE



#### Citrus sustainability in SP

#### **TOWARDS AN EVER MORE SUSTAINABLE CITRICULTURE**

Fundecitrus's concern about reducing the impact of citriculture and contributing to environmental preservation is present in several projects and research studies with many results already obtained:



Reduction of 70% in water and chemicals to control psyllids in the last ten years



Biological control of greening (huanglongbing/HLB) with the use of *Tamarixia radiata* as a complementary management measure



Reduction of up to 80% of copper application and amount used yearly to control citrus canker



External actions for greening management have already donated more than 60 thousand nursery plants to be planted in the citrus belt



Up to 75% less spraying with the use of the prediction system for blossom blight





#### Sustainability and disease/pest management

Reduced use of pesticides

New molecules

Spray technology

Lower use of water and non-renewable resources

Integrated management



Loss and damage reduction

Productivity increase

Cost reduction

Increase in demand for fruit

Maintenance of growers and jobs in the citrus industry

Access to information and technology

Cooperation partnerships



## External actions against HLB

Community awareness and replacement of citrus plants



#### Strategies in progress and challenges



#### Thank you!

www.fundecitrus.com.br



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